### **Emmaus**

Church of England and Catholic Primary School Travelling together with Jesus



# Music Progression Map

## Progression of skills and knowledge

In Nursery, our children will learn;

- Sing a large repertoire of songs
- Listen with increased attention to sounds
- Respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and feelings.
- Remember and sing entire songs
- Sing the pitch of a tone sung by another person ('pitch match').
- Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down, down and up) of familiar songs.
- Create their own songs, or improvise a song around one they know
- Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas.
- To explore sounds of different instruments.

**Jurser** 

In Reception, our children will learn;

- Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound.
- Learn rhymes, poems and songs
- Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody.
- To explore how sounds can be changed.
- Explore and engage in music making and dance, performing solo or in groups.
- Listen attentively, move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses.
- Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody.
- Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and (when appropriate) try to move in time with music.
- To notice what adults do, imitating what is observe and then doing it spontaneously when adult is not there.

Skills	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Understanding Music	Use body percussion, instruments and voices.  Find and keep a steady beat together.  Begin to move in time with a steady beat/pulse.  Copy back simple long and short rhythms with clapping.  Copy back singing simple high and low patterns.  Start to know and demonstrate the difference between pulse, rhythm and pitch.	Use body percussion instruments and voices.  Move in time and keep a steady beat together.  Create their own rhythmic and melodic patterns.  Continue to copy back simple rhythmic patterns using long and short.  Continue to copy back simple melodic patterns using high and low.  Understand the difference between creating a rhythm pattern and a pitch pattern.  Sing short phrases independently.  Continue to learn to watch and follow a steady beat.  Begin to understand that the speed of the	Use body percussion instruments and voices. Find and keep a steady beat. Explore the time signatures of 2/4, 3/4, and 4/4. Listen and copy more complex rhythmic patterns by ear or from notation. Copy back more complex melodic patterns. Copy back and improvise with rhythmic patterns using minims, crotchets, quavers and their equivalent rests. Copy back and improvise simple rhythmic patterns using semibreves, minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, quavers and their rests. Copy back and improvise simple rhythmic patterns using semibreves, minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, quavers and their rests.	Explore improvisation within major and minor scales, using the notes: C, D, E D, E, A F, G, A D, F, G Explore and begin to create personal musical ideas using the given notes for the unit. Understand that improvisation is about the children making up their own very simple tunes on the spot. Follow a steady beat and stay 'in time'. Improvise simple vocal patterns using 'question and answer' phrases. Understand the difference between creating a rhythm	Use body percussion, instruments and voices. Explore the time signatures of 2/4, 3/4, 4/4, 5/4 and 6/8. Find and keep a steady beat. Listen and copy rhythmic patterns made of dotted minims, minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, dotted quavers, triplet quavers, quavers, semiquavers and their rests, by ear or from notation.  Copy back melodic patterns using the notes: C, D, E C, D, E, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F, F, F, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F,	Use body percussion, instruments and voices. Explore the time signatures of 2/4, 3/4, 4/4, 5/4 and 6/8. Find and keep a steady beat. Listen and copy rhythmic patterns made of minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, dotted quavers, triplet quavers, quavers, semiquavers and their rests, by ear or from notation. Copy back melodic patterns using the notes: D, E, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, G

	beat can change, creating a faster or slower pace (tempo).  Play copy-back rhythms, copy a leader and invent rhythms for others to copy.	improvise simple melodic patterns using the notes: C, D, E G, A, B F, G, A A, B, C  Understand the beginnings of formal notation, linking sounds to symbols, and understand that music has its own language.	pattern and a pitch pattern.	dotted crotchets, crotchets, dotted quavers, triplet quavers, quavers, semiquavers and their rests, by ear or from notation. Copy back various melodic patterns.	Listen and copy rhythmic patterns made of minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, dotted quavers, triplet quavers, quavers, semiquavers and their rests, by ear or from notation.
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Move, dance and respond in any way they can when listening.

Describe their thoughts and feelings when listening to the music, including why they like or don't like the music.

Talk about any instruments they might hear and perhaps identify them.

Recognise some band and orchestral instruments.

Identify a fast or slow tempo. Identify loud and quiet sounds as an introduction to understanding dynamics. Find and try to keep a steady beat. Invent different actions to move in time with the music.

Move, dance and respond with their bodies in any way they can. Describe their thoughts and feelings when hearing the music.

Describe what they see in their individual imaginations when listening to the piece of music.

Talk about why they like or don't like the music.

Talk about any other music they have heard that is similar.

Identify a fast or slow tempo.

Mark the beat of a

Talk about the style of the music.

Share their thoughts and feelings about the musictogether.

Find the beat or groove ofthe music.

Invent different actions tomove in time with the music.

Talk about what the song or piece of music means.

Talk about the style of themusic.

Identify and describe their feelings when hearing the music, including why they like or don't like the music.

Use appropriate musical language to describe and discuss the music.

Start to use musical concepts and elements more confidently when talking about the music.

Recognise that some instruments are band instruments and that some are orchestral instruments.

Identify specific instruments if they can.

Talk about where music fits into the Talk about the words of thesong.

Think about why the song orpiece of music was written.

Find and demonstrate the steady beat.

Identify 2/4, 3/4, and 4/4metre.

Identify the tempo as fast, slow or steady.

Discuss the structures of songs.

Explain what a main themeis and identify when it is repeated.

### Identify:

- Call and response
- A solo vocal/instrumental lineand the rest of the ensemble
- A change in texture -Thearticulation of certain words
- Programme music

Know and understand whata musical introduction is and its purpose.

Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music.

Identify major and minortonalities.

Recognise the sound andnotes of the pentatonic scale by ear and from notation.

Describe legato and

Talk about feelings createdby the music.

Justify a personal opinionwith reference to the musical elements.

Find and demonstrate the steady beat.

Identify 2/4, 3/4, 4/4, 6/8 and 5/4 metre.

Identify instruments by earand through a range of media.

Discuss the structure of themusic with reference to the verses, bridge, repeat signs, chorus and final chorus, improvisation, call and response, and AB form.

Explain a bridge passageand its position in a song.

Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music.

Explain the role of a main theme in musical structure.

Understand what a musical introduction is and know its purpose.

Explain rapping.

Identify major and minortonalities.

Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic andBlues scales, by ear and from notation.

Identify the musical style of a song or piece of

Talk about feelings createdby the music.

Justify a personal opinionwith reference to the musical elements.

Identify 2/4, 3/4, 4/4, 6/8 and 5/4 metre.

Identify the following instruments by ear and through a range of media: bass guitar; electric guitar; percussion; sections of theorchestra such as brass, woodwind and strings; electric organ; congas; piano and synthesisers; and vocal techniques suchas scat singing.

Identify the sound of a Gospel choir and soloist, aRock band, a symphony orchestra and A cappella groups.

Discuss the structure of themusic with reference to theverse, chorus, bridge and instrumental break.

Explain a bridge passageand its position in a song.

Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music.

Explain the role of a main theme in musical structure.

Understand what a musicalintroduction and outro are and know their purpose.

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Talk about any other	listening piece by	world.	staccato.	music.	Identify major and
music they have	tapping or	Think about and discuss why the	Recognise the style of music they are listening	Recognise the	minor tonalities and chord triads.
heard that is similar.	clapping, and	song or piece of	to.	following styles	
	recognise tempo as	music was written and what it might	Recognise the following styles and any important	and any key	Identify the musical style ofa song, using some
Begin to understand	well as changes in	mean.	musical features that	musical features	musicalvocabulary to
where the music fits	tempo.	Discuss the style of	distinguish each style: 20thand 21st Century	that distinguish each style: 20th	discuss its musical elements.
in the world.	Identify loud and	music and any other music they have	Orchestral, Reggae, Soul, R&B, Pop, Folk, Jazz,	and 21st Century	Recognise the following
	quiet sounds as an	heard that is similar.	Disco, Musicals, Classical, Rock, Gospel, Romantic,	Orchestral, Gospel,	styles and any key
Begin to understand	introduction to		Choral, Funk and	Pop, Minimalism,	musicalfeatures that
different styles of	understanding		Electronic Dance Music.	Rock 'n' Roll, South	distinguish thestyle: 20th
music.	dynamics.			African Pop, Jazz:	and 21st Century
	•			Contemporary,	Orchestral, Soul, Pop, Hip
	Walk in time to the			Reggae, Film	Hop, Jazz: Swing, Rock,
	beat of a piece of			Music, Hip Hop,	Disco, Romantic, Zimbabwean Pop, R&B,
	music.			Funk, Romantic	Folk, Gospel, Salsa,
	Describe			and Musicals.	Reggae, Musicals and
	differences in				Film Music.
	tempo and				
	dynamics with				
	more confidence.				
	Recognise some				
	band and				
	orchestral				
	instruments.				
	Continue to talk				
	about where music				
	might fit into the				
	world.				
	Begin to				
	understand that				
	there are different				

styles of music.
Discuss the style(s)
of the music.
Discuss what the
song or piece of
music might be
about.

Singing	Sing, rap or rhyme as part of a choir/group.  Begin to demonstrate good singing posture – standing up straight with relaxed shoulders.  Sing unit songs from memory.  Try to understand the meaning of a song.  Try to follow the leader or conductor.  Add actions and/or movement to a song.	Sing as part of a choir.  Demonstrate good singing posture.  Sing songs from memory.  Sing with more pitch accuracy.  Understand and follow the leader or conductor.  Sing and communicate the meaning of words.  Listen for being 'in time' or 'out of time'.  Add actions and perhaps movement to a song.	Sing as part of a choir and inunison.  Have a go at singing a solo.  Demonstrate good singingposture.  Sing the unit songs from memory.  Sing with attention to cleardiction.  Sing more expressively, with attention to breathing and phrasing.  Discuss what the song or pieceof music might be about.  Follow the leader or conductorconfidently.  Sing with attention to the meaning of the words.  Listen for being 'in time' or 'out oftime', with an awareness of following the beat.  Perform actions confidently andin time.  Sing a widening range of unisonsongs, of varying styles and structures.	Sing as part of a choir with awareness of size: the larger the choir, the thicker and richerthe musical texture.  Rehearse and learn songs frommemory and/or with notation.  Sing in different time signatures: 2/4, 3/4 and 4/4.  Demonstrate good singingposture.  Demonstrate vowel sounds, blended sounds and consonants.  Sing 'on pitch' and 'in time'.  Sing expressively, with attention to breathing andphrasing.  Sing expressively, with attention to staccato and legato.  Talk about the different styles of singing used for different styles of song.  Talk about how the songs andtheir styles connect to the world.	Sing in unison and parts, and aspart of a smaller group.  Sing a second part in a song.  Rehearse and learn songs frommemory and/or with notation.  Sing in 2/4, 3/4, 4/4, 5/4 and 6/8metre.  Sing 'on pitch' and 'in time'.  Self-correct if lost or out of time.  Sing expressively, with attentionto breathing and phrasing.  Sing expressively, with attentionto dynamics and articulation.  Develop confidence as a soloist.  Talk about the different styles of singing used for different styles of song.  Talk confidently about how connected they feel to the music and how it connects tothe world.  Respond to a leader or conductor.	Rehearse and learn songs from memory and/or with notation.  Sing a broad range of songs as part of a choir, including those that involve syncopated rhythms, with a good sense of ensemble and performance.  Continue to sing in parts where appropriate.

# Playing Instruments (Play your instruments with the song)

Rehearse and learn to play a simple melodic instrumental part by ear.

Play a part on a tuned or untuned instrument by ear.

Learn to treat instruments carefully and with respect.

Rehearse and perform their parts within the context of the unit song.

Learn to play together with everybody while keeping in time with a steady beat.

Perform short, repeating rhythm patterns while keeping in time with a steady beat. Rehearse and learnto play a simple melodic instrumental part byear.

Play a part on a tuned or untuned instrument by ear (either Part 1, Part 2 or the optional Easy Part).

Rehearse and perform their parts within the context of the unit song.

Learn to treat instruments carefully and withrespect.

Play together as a group while keepingin time with a steadybeat.

Perform short, repeating rhythm patterns (ostinati or riffs) while keeping in time with a steadybeat.

Rehearse and learn to play a simple melodic instrumental part, by ear or from notation, in C major, F major, G major and E major.

Play a part on a tuned instrument by ear or from notation.

Play the instrumental part they are comfortable with and swap when appropriate.

Treat instruments carefully and with respect.

Play the right notes with secure rhythms.

Plat together as a group while keeping the beat.

Play their instruments with good posture and technique.

Rehearse and learnto play a simple melodic instrumental part, by ear or from notation, in C major,F major, G major, Dmajor and D minor.

Rehearse and perform their parts within the context of the unit song.

Treat instruments carefully and with respect.

Play the right notes with secure rhythms.

Play together as a group while keepingthe beat.

Listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader.

Play their instruments with good posture and technique.

Rehearse and learn to play one of four differentiated instrumental parts, by ear or from notation, in the tonal centres of C major, F major, G major, Eb major, C minor and D minor.

Play a part on a tuned instrument, by ear or fromnotation.

Treat instruments carefully and with respect.

Play the right notes with securerhythms.

Rehearse and perform their parts within the context of theunit song.

Play together as a group whilekeeping the beat.

Listen to and follow musicalinstructions from a leader.

Play their instruments with goodposture.
Begin to understand how to rehearse a piece of music inorder to improve.

Rehearse and learn to play one of four differentiated instrumental parts, by ear orfrom notation, in the tonal centres of C major, F major, G major, D major, Eb major, D minor and F minor.

Play a part on a tuned instrument, by ear orfrom notation.

Treat instruments carefully

and with respect. Play the

right notes with secure

rhythms. Rehearse and perform their parts within the context of the unit song.

Play together with everybody while keeping the beat.

Listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader.

Play their instruments with good posture.

Understand how to rehearse a piece ofmusic in order to improve.

Play a more complex part.

Explore improvisation
within a major and
minor scale, using the
notes:

C, D, E

D, E, A

F, G, A D, F, G

Explore and begin to create personal musical ideas using the given notes for theunit.

Follow a steady beatand stay 'in time'.

Improvise simple vocal patterns using 'question and answer' phrases.

Understand the difference between creating a rhythm pattern and a pitch pattern.

Explore and begin to create personal musical ideas using the given notes for theunit.

Understand that improvisation is about the children making up their own very simple tunes on the spot.

Explore improvisation within a major scale, using the notes:

C, D, E C, G, A G. A. B

F. G. A

Begin to create personal musical ideas using the givennotes.

Understand that improvisation is about the children making up their ownvery simple tunes onthe spot.

Follow a steady beatand stay 'in time'.

Work with partners and in the class to improvise simple 'question and answer' phrases, to be sung and playedon untuned percussion, creatinga musical conversation.

Explore improvisation within a major scale, using the notes:

C, D, E C, D, E, F, G C, D, E, G, A G, A, B G, A, B, D, E G, A, B, C, D F, G, A F, G, A, C, D

Structure musical ideas (eg using echo or 'question and answer' phrases) to create music that has a beginning, middle and end.

When improvising, follow a steady beat and stay 'in time'.

Become more skilled in improvising; perhaps try more notes and rhythms, including restsor silent beats.
Think about creating music with 'phrases' made up of notes, ratherthan simply lots

of notesplayed one

after the other.

Explore improvisation within amajor scale, using the notes:

C, D, E C, D, E, G, A C, D, E, F, GD, E, F♯ D. E, F♯, A, B

Explore improvisation withina major scale, using more notes.

Improvise using a limited range of pitches on the instruments they are learning, making use of musical features, including smooth (legato) and detached (staccato)articulation.

Improvise over a simple chord progression

/groove.

Explore improvisation within a major and minorscale, using the following notes:

C, D, Eb, F, G C, D, E, F, G C, D, E, G, A F, G, A, Bb, C D. E, F, G, A

Improvise over a simple groove, responding to the beat and creating a satisfying melodic shape.

Experiment with using a wider range of dynamics, including very loud (fortissimo), very quiet (pianissimo), moderately loud (mezzo forte) and moderately quiet (mezzo piano).

Follow a steady beat and stay 'in time'.
Become more skilled in improvising; perhaps try more notes and rhythms.

Explore rhythm patterns created from quavers, crotchets, semiquavers, minims and their rests. Include rests or silent beats.

Think about creating music with 'phrases' madeup of notes, rather than just lots of notes

G, A, Bb, C, D G, A, B, C, D F, G, A, C, D

the notes:

C, D, E, F, G

Improvise over a groove, responding to the beat, creating a satisfying melodic shape with varieddynamics and articulation.

Explore improvisation

withing major scale, using

Follow a steady beat andstay 'in time'.

Become more skilled in improvising, perhaps tryingmore notes and rhythms.

Include rests or silent beats.

Think about creating music with 'phrases' made up of notes, rather than just lots of notes played one after the other.

Challenge themselves to play for longer periods, both as soloists and in response to others in a group.

		played one after the	
		played one after the other.	
		Include smooth (legato)	
		and detached (staccato)	
		articulation when	
		playing notes.	

Follow a steady beatand stay 'in time'.			
Improvise simple vocal patterns using 'question and answer' phrases.			

Understand the difference betweencreating a rhythm pattern and a pitch pattern.			

Composing	Begin to understand that composing is like writing a story with music.  Explore sounds andcreate their own melody.  Perform their simple composition/s usingtwo, three, four or five notes.  Use simple notationif appropriate:  • Create a simple melody using crotchets and minims.  C, D C, D, E C, D, E, F C, D, E, F, G Start and end onthe note C.	Continue to understand that composing is like writing a story with music.  Perform their simple composition/s usingtwo, three, four or five notes.  Start their tune/s onnote one and end iton note one.  Use simple notationif appropriate:  • Create a simple melody using crotchets and minims.  C, D C, D, E C, D, E, F C, D, E, F, G  Start and end on thenote C (C major).	Create a simple melody using crotchets, minims and perhaps paired quavers: C, D, C, D, E, G, A Start and end on the noteC (pentatonic on C). C, D, C, D, F, G, C, D, E, F, C, D, E, F, C, D, E, F, G Start and end on the noteC (C major). F, G F, G, A F, G, A, Bb F, G, A, Bb, C Start and end on the noteF (F major).	Create a melody using crotchets, minims, quavers and their rests.  Use a pentatonic scale: C, D, E, G, C, D, E, G, A  Start and end on the note C(pentatonic on C).  C, D, E, G, C, D, E, G, C, D, E, G, C, D, E, G, A  Start and end on the note C (Cmajor).  A, B, A, B, C, A, B, C, D, A, B, C, D, E  Start and end on the note A (Aminor).	Create a melody using crotchets, quavers and minims, and perhaps semibreves and semiquavers, plus all equivalent rests.  Use a pentatonic and afull scale.  Use major and minortonality: F, G F, G, A F, G, A, Bb F, G, A, Bb, C  Start and end on the note F (F major).  G A G, A, B G, A, B, C G, A, B, C Start and end on the note G (G major).	Create a melody using crotchets, quavers and minims, and perhaps semibreves and semiquavers, plus all equivalent rests.  Use a pentatonic and a full scale. Use major and minor tonality: C, D C, D, E, F C, D, E, F, G Start and end on the note C (C major).  G, A G, A, B G, A, B, D G, A, B, D, E Start and end on the note G(pentatonic on G). G, Bb G, Bb, C, D G, Bb, C, D, F Start and end on the note G (minorpentatonic on G).
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Rehearse a song and perform it to an audience, explaining why the song was chosen.

Add actions and perhaps movement to the song.

Perform the song from memory.Follow the leader or conductor.

Talk about the performance afterwards, expressing what was enjoyed and what they think could have been better.

Show their understanding of the Musical Spotlight and Social Question, and how theyhave influenced the performance.

Rehearse a song and then perform it to an audience, explaining why the song waschosen.

Add actions to the song.

Show a simple understanding of the Musical Spotlight and Social Question, and how theyhave influenced the performance.

Perform the song from memory.

Follow the leader or conductor.

Continue to play tuned and untuned instruments musically within the performance.

Continue to use the voice expressively and creatively bysinging simple songs.

Continue to play together as agroup /band /ensemble.
Talk about the performance afterwards; saying what theyenjoyed and what they thinkcould have been better.

Plan, rehearse and perform for an audience a song that has been learnt in the lesson, frommemory or with notation, and with confidence.

Explain why the song was chosen.

Show their understanding of the Musical Spotlight and Social Question, and how they have influenced their performance.

Follow the leader or conductor.

Talk about the strengthsof the performance, howthey felt and what they would like to change.

Introduce the performance with an understanding of whatthe song is about and comment on any other relevant connections.

Include any actions, instrumental parts/improvisatory ideas/composed passages within the rehearsal and in the performance.

Reflect on feelings about sharing and performing, eg excitement, nerves, enjoyment, etc.

Rehearse and enjoy the opportunity to share whathas been learnt in the lessons.

Perform, with confidence, a song from memory or using notation.

Play and perform melodies following staffnotation, using a small range, as a whole classor in small groups.

Include instrumental parts/improvisatory sections/composed passages within the rehearsal and performance.

Explain why the song was chosen, including its composer and the historical and cultural context of the song.

Communicate the meaning of the wordsand articulate them clearly.

Reflect on the performanceand how well it suited the occasion.

Discuss and respond to anyfeedback; consider how future performances might be different. Create, rehearse and present a holistic performance for a specific purpose, for afriendly but unfamiliar audience.

Perhaps perform in smaller groups, as well as with the whole class.

Perform a range of repertoire pieces and arrangements, combiningacoustic instruments to form mixed ensembles, including a school orchestra.

Perform from memory or with notation, with confidence and accuracy.

Include instrumental parts/improvisatory sections/composed passages within the rehearsal and performance.

Discuss and talk musically about the strengths and weaknesses of a performance.

Collect feedback from the audience and reflect on how future performances might be different.

Create, rehearse and present a holistic performance for a specific event, for an unfamiliar audience, witha detailed understandingof the musical, cultural and historical contexts.

Perform a range of songsas a choir in school assemblies, school performance opportunities and to a wider audience.

Perform from memory orwith notation.

Understand the value of choreographing any aspect of a performance.

Understand the importance of the performing space and how to use it.

Rehearse and lead partsof the performance, individually or as a group.

Record the performance and compare it to a previous one.

Collect feedback from the audience and reflect on how the audience believedin/supported the performance.

Discuss how the performance might changeif it were repeated in a larger/smaller performancespace.