



Emmaus Policy for Supporting Children with Medical Conditions

Mission Statement

We are friends journeying with Jesus in faith, hope and trust as we live, love and learn together

September 2024

Policy Statement

Emmaus policy to support children with Medical Conditions in school will provide guidance to ensure:

- That the school meets its statutory responsibilities to manage medicines and medical conditions in line with Government guidance 'Supporting pupils at school with Medical conditions' and the 'Special Educational Needs and Disability code of practice: 0-25 years'.
- That the school implements inclusive practices to support children and young people with medical conditions.
- That the school aims to provide all pupils with all medical conditions the same opportunities as others at school.

The school will ensure the implementation of the 'Supporting Medical Conditions in School' Policy to meet the following values and principles:

- all children and staff are healthy and stay safe
- parents/carers, children and young people feel secure and confident in the schools ability to support their child.
- pupils make a positive contribution and get to experience a wide and varied curriculum and experiences.
- all staff understand their duty of care to safeguard children and young people in all aspects of their needs and especially within the event of an emergency.
- all staff are appropriately trained, competent and confident in knowing what to do in an emergency.
- develop the schools understanding that certain medical conditions are serious and can be potentially life threatening, particularly if ill managed or misunderstood.
- that the school understands the importance of medication being taken as prescribed.

- all staff understand common medical conditions that affect children/young people at our school. Our staff receive training on the impact medical conditions can have on children from specialist medical staff.

The schools Governing body is responsible ensuring this policy is fully implemented and monitored regularly.

Policy

1.Emmaus school is an inclusive community that aims to support and welcome all children and young people including those with medical conditions

- The governing body understands that it has a responsibility to make arrangements for supporting pupils with medical conditions who currently attend our school and to those who may attend in the future.
- Pupils with medical conditions are encouraged to take control of their condition. Pupils feel confident in the support they receive from the school to help them do this.
- The school ensures all children with medical conditions are given the same opportunities at school.
- The school aims to include all pupils with medical conditions in all school activities.
- The school ensures all staff (Teaching and Support) understand their duty of care to children and young people in the event of an emergency.
- Parents of pupils with medical conditions feel secure in the care their children receive both in the transportation, school and on educational visits.
- Key staff are confident in knowing what to do in an emergency and receive regular training to do so.
- There is understanding that certain medical conditions are serious and can be potentially life-threatening.
- All staff recognise the common medical conditions that can affect children in school.
- Key staff receive training on the impact this can have on pupils.

2.Key staff have a sound knowledge, understand their role and are trained to a level that fulfills and informs them in what to do to support children with the most common serious medical conditions found at the school and how to uphold the policy.

- All staff at the school are aware of the most common serious medical conditions which they may come across when children are in their care.

- Staff understand their duty of care to pupils in the event of an emergency. In an emergency situation school staff are required under common law duty of care to act in 'loco parentis'. This may include administering prescribed medication.
- All staff that work directly with pupils receive training and know what to do in an emergency for the pupils in their care with medical conditions.
- Training is refreshed for staff as appropriate and is included in each child's Individual Healthcare Plan.
- Action for staff to take in an emergency for the common serious conditions at the school is displayed in prominent locations for all staff including classrooms, kitchens and the staff room.
- The school uses the child's Individual Healthcare Plan to inform the appropriate staff (including supply teachers and support staff) of pupils in their care who may need emergency help.
- The school has procedures in place so that the most up to date copy of the child's Individual Healthcare Plan is sent to the emergency care setting with the pupil. On occasions when this is not possible, the form is sent (or the information on it is communicated) to the hospital as soon as possible.
- The school have plans in place to cover staff absence and sickness.

The following roles and responsibilities are recommended practice within the policy. These roles are understood and communicated regularly.

Governing Body

The school's Governing body has a responsibility to:

- uphold the Equality Act 2010 and make any reasonable adjustments.
- ensure that arrangements are in place to support pupils with medical conditions (plans and suitable accommodation). In doing so they should ensure that such children can access and enjoy the same opportunities at school as any other child.
- take into account that many of the medical conditions that require support at school will affect quality of life and may be life-threatening and therefore focuses on the needs of the individual child.
- make sure the 'Supporting medical conditions in school' policy is effectively implemented, monitored and evaluated and updated in line with the school policy review timeline.
- ensure all parents/carers are fully aware and understand their responsibilities (see Annex H).

Head teacher

The school's head teacher has a responsibility to:

- ensure the school puts the policy into practice and develop detailed procedures.

- liaise between interested parties including child, school staff, SENCO, teaching assistants, school nurses, parents, governors, the school health service, the Local Authority and local emergency care services and seek advice when necessary.
- ensure every aspect of the policy are maintained even if they are not the governing bodies nominated staff member.
- ensure that information held by the school is accurate and up to date and that there are good information sharing systems in place using child's Individual Healthcare Plans.
- ensure the young person's confidentiality.
- assess quality assured training and support the development needs of staff and arrange for them to be met via formally commissioned arrangements.
- ensure all supply teachers and new staff know the medical conditions policy.
- delegate a staff member to check the expiry date of medicines kept at school and maintain the school medical register.
- monitor and review the policy at least once a year, with input from pupils, parents, staff and external stakeholders and update according to review recommendations and recent local and national guidance and legislation.
- report back to all key stakeholders about implementation of the policy.
- in partnership with the parent have joint responsibility for the safe travel of the young person.
- provide staff to cover absence.

All school staff

All staff at Emmaus have a responsibility to:

- be aware of the potential triggers, signs and symptoms of common medical conditions and know what to do in an emergency by receiving whole school awareness training.
- be aware that medical conditions can affect a child's learning and provide extra help where needed.
- understand the policy and how this impacts on children's education.
- know which young people in their care have a medical condition and be familiar with the content of the their Individual Healthcare Plans.
- enable pupils to have immediate access to their emergency medication if required.
- maintain effective communication with parents including informing them if their child has been unwell at school.

- be aware of young people with medical conditions who may be experiencing bullying or need extra social support.
- understand the common medical conditions and the impact it can have on a child.
- ensure all children with medical conditions are not excluded unnecessarily from activities they wish to take part in.
- ensure children have the appropriate medication or food with them during any exercise and are allowed to take it when needed.

First aiders

First aiders at Emmaus have a responsibility to:

- give immediate help to casualties with common injuries or illnesses and those arising from specific hazards with the school.
- when necessary ensure that an ambulance or other professional medical help is called.
- administer prescribed medication on a daily basis in conjunction with a child's health care plan.

Special Educational Needs Coordinator (SENCO)

The SENCO at Emmaus has responsibility to:

- help update the school's medical condition policy.
- know which children have a medical condition and which have special educational needs linked to their condition.
- be the key member or liaise with other staff to ensure young people with medical conditions continue to make expected progress.
- ensure teachers make the necessary arrangements and make reasonable adjustments if a child needs special consideration or access arrangements in tests or work.
- ensure all young people with medical conditions are not excluded unnecessarily from activities they wish to take part in.

Health Services

The school nurse and teams from the local Health Community and services who work with the school have a responsibility to:

- co-operate with schools to support young people with a medical condition.
- be aware of the needs and training the school staff need in managing the most common medical conditions at school.
- provide information about where the school can access other specialist training or alternatively provide training if this has been locally developed.

Other healthcare professionals, including GPs and paediatricians have responsibility to:

- notify the school nurse when a child has been identified as having a medical condition that will require support at school.
- provide advice on developing healthcare plans.
- consider that Specialist local health teams may be able to provide support in schools for children with particular conditions (e.g. asthma, diabetes, epilepsy).

Parents/Carers

The parents/carers of a child at Emmaus have a responsibility to:

- tell the school if their child has a medical condition.
- ensure the school has a complete and up-to-date Healthcare Plan for their child.
- inform the school about the medication their child requires during school hours.
- inform the school of any medication their child requires while taking part in educational visits or residential visits, especially when these include overnight stays.
- tell the school about any changes to their child's medication, what they take, when, and how much.
- inform the school of any changes to their child's condition.
- ensure their child's medication and medical devices are labelled with their child's full name and date of birth and a spare is provided with the same information.
- ensure that their child's medication is within expiry dates.
- inform the school if their child is feeling unwell.
- ensure their child attempts to catch up on any school work they have missed.
- ensure their child has regular reviews about their condition with their doctor or specialist healthcare professional and information that will require the school to support your child is passed on to them.
- ensure their child has a written care/self-management plan from their doctor or specialist healthcare professional to help their child manage their condition.

3. All staff understand and are trained in the school's general emergency procedures

- The school has a general Health and Safety Policy that includes risk assessments and have arrangements in place to deal with emergencies.

- All staff know what action to take in the event of a medical emergency. This includes: how to contact emergency services and what information to give (use Annex F) and who to contact within the school.
- Action to take in a general medical emergency is displayed in prominent locations for staff. These include classrooms, the staff room, food preparation areas and sporting facilities.
- If a child needs to be taken to hospital, a member of staff will always accompany them and will stay with them until a parent/carer arrives. The school will try to ensure that the staff member will be one the child knows.

4. Emmaus has clear guidance on the administration of medication at school and what is deemed as unacceptable practice.

Administration – general

- The school understands the importance of medication being taken as prescribed.
- All staff are aware that there is no legal or contractual duty for any member of staff to administer medication or supervise a young person taking medication unless they have been specifically asked to do so.
- All use of medication defined as a controlled drug, even if the child can administer the medication themselves, is done under the supervision of a named member of staff at the school.
- There are several members of staff at Emmaus who have been specifically asked to administer medication and received the relevant training from healthcare professionals.
- If a trained member of staff, who is usually responsible for administering medication, is not available the school makes alternative arrangements to continue to provide this support.
- For medication where no specific training is necessary, any member of staff may administer prescribed and non-prescribed medication to children/young people under the age of 16, but only with the written consent of their parent. (use of Annex B)
- Training is given to all staff members who agree to administer medication to pupils, where specific training is needed. The local authority provides full indemnity.
- Parents and carers at Emmaus understand that if their child's medication change, is discontinued or the dose or administration method changes, that they should notify the school immediately.
- If a pupil at Emmaus refuses their medication, staff should record this and follow procedures set out in the Individual Healthcare Plan. Parents/carers are informed immediately.
- If a child misuses medication, either their own or another child's, their parents are informed as soon as possible. In such cases, pupils are subject to the school's usual disciplinary procedures.

Administration – Emergency Medication

- All children with medical conditions have easy access to their medication.
- If a child's parents and health professionals determine they are able to begin taking responsibility, children are encouraged to administer their own emergency medication. This is also the arrangement on any off-site or residential visits.
- Pupil's know where their medication is stored and how to access it.
- Children who do not carry and administer their own medication understand the arrangements for a member of staff (and the secondary member of staff) to assist in helping them take their medication safely.

Unacceptable Practice

Emmaus school uses its discretion and professional judgment on individual cases but it is not generally acceptable practice to:

- prevent a child from easily accessing their medication or inhalers when or where necessary.
- assume that every child with the same condition requires similar or the same support.
- ignore the views of the young person and their parents
- send children home frequently or prevent them from staying for school activities.
- send a child unaccompanied to the school office or medical room if they become ill.
- penalise their attendance records if their absences are related to their medical condition e.g. hospital appointments.
- prevent pupils from drinking, eating or taking toilet or other breaks in order to effectively manage their own medical condition.
- require parents or make them feel obliged to attend school to administer medication or provide medical support.
- prevent or create unnecessary barriers to children participating in any aspect of their educational experience, this includes school visits, e.g. requiring the parents to accompany the child.

5. Emmaus school has clear guidance keeping clear and up to date records which supports the planning and access to school

Administration/Admission forms

- Parents at Emmaus are asked if their child has any health conditions or health issues on the admission form, which is filled out at the start of each school year. Parents of new pupils

starting at other times during the year are also asked to provide this information on admission forms.

School Medical register

- Individual Healthcare Plans are one document that is used to create a Medical register of pupils with medical needs, not all children with medical conditions will need an individual plan. An identified member of staff has responsibility for the medical register at school.
- The identified member of staff has responsibility for the medical register and meets with the parents to compile any further details on a child's Individual Healthcare Plan and ascertain permission for administration of medication.

Individual Healthcare Plans

Drawing up Individual Healthcare Plans:

- An Individual Healthcare plan may be initiated by a member of school staff, plans should be drawn up with the input of healthcare professionals e.g. Specialist Nurse, parents and the child.
- As a sign of good practice the school will use Individual Healthcare Plans to record important details about individual children's medical needs at Emmaus, their triggers, signs, symptoms, medication and other treatments and used to identify the level support they need. Further documentation can be attached to the Individual Healthcare Plan if required (use of Annex A).
- An Individual Healthcare Plan, accompanied by an explanation of why and how it is used, is sent to all parents of pupils with a long-term medical condition. This is sent:
 - at the start of the school year
 - at admission
 - when a diagnosis is first communicated to the school
 - If a child has a short-term medical condition that requires prescribed medication during school hours, a medication consent form must be signed and completed by the parent/carer.

Ongoing communication and review of the Individual Healthcare Plan

- Parents at Emmaus are regularly reminded to update their child's Individual Healthcare Plan if their child has a medical emergency or if there have been changes to their symptoms or if their medication, treatments or conditions change.
- Staff at Emmaus use opportunities to invite parents to review and check that information held by the school on a young person's condition is accurate and up to date. (use of Annex F)
- Every child with an Individual Healthcare Plan at Emmaus has their plan discussed and reviewed at least once a year.

- Where the child has SEND, the Individual Healthcare Plan is part of the graduated approach of Assess, Plan, Do, Review and is linked to their Pupil Profile or Education Health and Care Plan if they have one.

Storage and access to Individual Healthcare Plans

- Emmaus school ensures that all staff protect confidentiality.
- Individual Healthcare Plans are kept in a secure central location at school or attached as linked documents using the school's computer system.
- Apart from the central copy, specified members of staff (agreed by the pupil and parents) securely hold copies of Individual Healthcare Plans. These copies are updated at the same time as the central copy.
- All members of staff who work with groups of children will access the Individual Healthcare Plans to provide support with their planning of teaching and learning.
- When a member of staff is new to a pupil group, for example due to staff absence, the school makes sure that they are made aware of (and have access to) the Individual Healthcare Plans of the young people in their care.
- The school seeks permission from parents to allow the Individual Healthcare Plan to be sent ahead to emergency care staff, should an emergency happen during school hours or at a school activity outside the normal school day. This permission is included on the Individual Healthcare Plan.

Use of an Individual Healthcare Plan

Individual Healthcare Plans are used by the school to:

- inform the appropriate staff and supply teachers about the individual needs of children with a medical condition in their care
- remind children with medical conditions to take their medication when they need to and, if appropriate, remind them to keep their emergency medication with them at all times
- identify common or important individual triggers for young people with medical conditions at school that bring on symptoms and can cause emergencies. The school uses this information to help reduce the impact of common triggers
- ensure that all medication stored at school is within the expiry date
- ensure Emmaus school's local emergency care services have a timely and accurate summary of a pupil's current medical management and healthcare in the event of an emergency
- remind parents of a child with a medical condition to ensure that any medication kept at school is within its expiry dates. This includes spare medication.

Consent to administer medicines

- If a child requires regular prescribed or non-prescribed medication at school, parents are asked to provide consent on their child's Individual Healthcare Plan giving the pupil or staff permission to administer medication on a regular/daily basis, if required. A separate form is compiled by parents for pupils taking short courses of prescribed medication.
- All parents of children with a medical condition who may require medication in an emergency are asked to provide consent on the Individual Healthcare Plan for staff to administer medication.
- If a young person requires regular/daily help in administering their medication then the school outlines the school's agreement to administer this medication on the Individual Healthcare Plan. The school and parents keep a copy of this agreement. (use of Annex B)

Off-site, Sporting Activities and Residential visits

- Parents are sent a residential visit form to be completed and returned to school shortly before their child leaves for an overnight or extended day visit. This form requests up-to-date information about the child's current condition and their overall health. This provides essential and up-to-date information to relevant staff and school supervisors to help children manage their condition while they are away. This also includes information about medication not normally taken during school hours.
- When attending a residential visit or off-site activity (including sporting events) the lead staff member will have copies of all visit paperwork including risk assessments for children where medication is required. A copy of the Individual Healthcare Plan will accompany the child if necessary and reference should be made to any medical conditions in the planning and risk assessment prior to the visit taking place.
- All parents of a young person with a medical condition attending an off-site activity or overnight residential are asked for written consent, giving staff permission to administer medication if required.
- The residential visit form also details what medication and what dose the pupil is currently taking at different times of the day. It helps to provide up-to-date information to relevant staff and supervisors to help the pupil manage their condition while they are away.

Other record keeping

- The school keeps an accurate record of each occasion an individual pupil is given or supervised taking medication. Details of the supervising staff member, pupil, dose, date and time are recorded. If a pupil refuses to have medication administered, this is also recorded and parents are informed immediately (use of Annex C).
- Key staff attend training on common medical conditions annually. A log of the medical condition training is kept by the school and reviewed every 12 months to ensure all new staff receive training.
- All school staff who volunteer to administer medication are provided with training by a healthcare professional. The school keeps a record of staff who have had training. (use Annex E)

6. There is clear guidance on the safe storage and handling of medication at school

Safe storage – emergency medication

- i. Emergency medication is readily available to children who require it at all times during the school day or at off-site activities. If the emergency medication is a controlled drug and needs to be locked up, the keys are readily available and not held personally by members of staff.
- ii. Where the child's healthcare professional advises that they are not yet able or old enough to self-manage and carry their own emergency medication, they know exactly where to access their emergency medication and which member of staff they see.

Safe storage – non-emergency medication

- iii. All non-emergency medication is kept in a secure place, in a lockable cupboard in a cool dry place. Pupils with medical conditions know where their medication is stored and how to access it.
- iv. Staff ensure that medication is only accessible to those for it is prescribed.

Safe storage – general

- v. There is an identified member of staff who ensures the correct storage of medication at school.
- vi. All controlled drugs are kept in a locked cupboard and only named staff have access, even if the child normally administers medication themselves. Medicines and devices such as asthma inhalers, blood glucose testing meters and adrenalin pens should be always readily available to children and not locked away.
- vii. It is the parent's responsibility to ensure new and in date medication comes into school on the first day of the new academic year.
- viii. Three times a year the identified member of staff checks the expiry dates for all medication stored at school.
- ix. The identified member of staff, along with the parents of children with medical conditions, will ensure that all emergency and non-emergency medication brought in to school is clearly labeled with the pupil's name, the name and dose of the medication and the frequency of dose. This includes all medication that pupils carry themselves.
- x. All medication is supplied and stored in its original containers/packages. All medication is labelled with the child's name, date of birth, the name of the medication, expiry date and the prescriber's instructions for administration, including dose and frequency.
- xi. Medication will be stored in accordance with instructions, paying particular note to temperature.

- xii. Some medication for pupils at Emmaus may need to be refrigerated. All refrigerated medication is stored in an airtight container and is clearly labelled. Refrigerators used for the storage of medication are in a secure area that is only accessible to staff.
- xiii. All medication is sent home with pupils at the end of the school year. Medication is not stored in summer holidays.

Safe disposal

- xiv. Parents will be asked to collect out-of-date medication.
- xv. If parents do not pick up out-of-date medication, or at the end of the school year, medication is taken to a local pharmacy for safe disposal.
- xvi. A named member of staff is responsible for checking the dates of medication will arrange for the disposal of any that have expired.
- xvii. Sharps boxes are used for the disposal of needles. Parents obtain sharps boxes from the child's GP or paediatrician on prescription. All sharps boxes in school are stored in a locked cupboard unless alternative safe and secure arrangements are put in place on a case-by-case basis. Arrangements should be made for their safe disposal.
- xviii. If a sharps box is needed on an off-site or residential visit a named member of staff is responsible for its safe storage and return it to school or the child/young person's parent.

7. The Emmaus 'Supporting Medical Conditions in School' policy is regularly reviewed, evaluated, consulted with stakeholders and updated.

- The policy is reviewed, evaluated and updated annually in line with the school's policy review timeline and receives a full consultation with stakeholders.
- Any new government guidance is actively sought and fed into the review, guidance will be provided by Local Authority Officers.
- When evaluating the policy, the school seeks feedback and further consultation on the effectiveness and acceptability of the medical conditions policy with a wide-range of key stakeholders within the school, health settings and with parents and young people.

Key stakeholders include:

- Children
- Parents/Carers
- School nurse and/or school healthcare professionals
- Headteacher
- Teachers
- Special Educational Needs Coordinator (SENCO)

- Teaching Assistants
- First aiders
- All other school staff
- Local emergency care service staff (including accident & emergency and ambulance staff)
- Local health professionals
- The Local Authority
- School governors

All key stakeholders should be consulted in two phases:

- initial consultation during development of the policy.
 - comments on a draft policy before publication and implementation.
- i. The views of children with various medical conditions are actively sought and considered central to the evaluation process.
 - ii. Parents, school staff, governors, relevant local health staff and any other external stakeholders are informed and regularly reminded about the policy and how they impact on its implementation and review.

8. Complaints Procedure

- If parents or carers have concerns or are dissatisfied with the support provided they should directly contact the school and follow the complaint procedure set by the school.

Legislation and Guidance

This policy and guidance has been compiled using recommended government documents and Acts, these include;

Special Educational Needs and Disability Code of Practice: 0-25 years

Children and Families Act 2014 – Part 5: 100

Health and Safety: advice for schools – June 2014

Equality Act 2010

The management of Health and Safety at work regulations 1999

Education Act 1996

Health and Safety at work Act 1974

Medicines Act 1968

The Local Authority will provide both national and local guidance.

For further information and guidance see;

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/supporting-pupils-at-school-with-medical-conditions-3/supporting-pupils-with-medical-conditions-links-to-other-useful-resources--2>